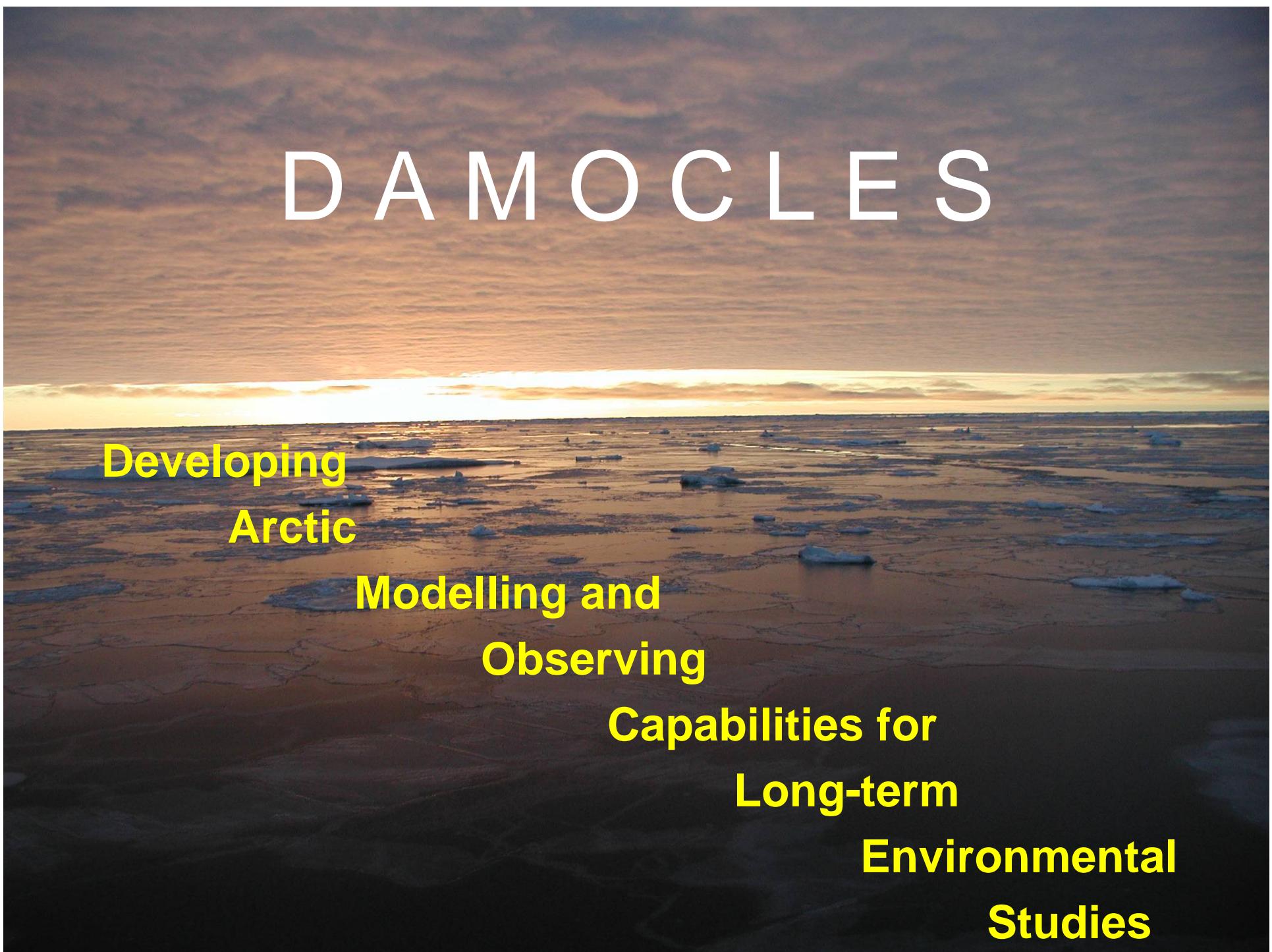


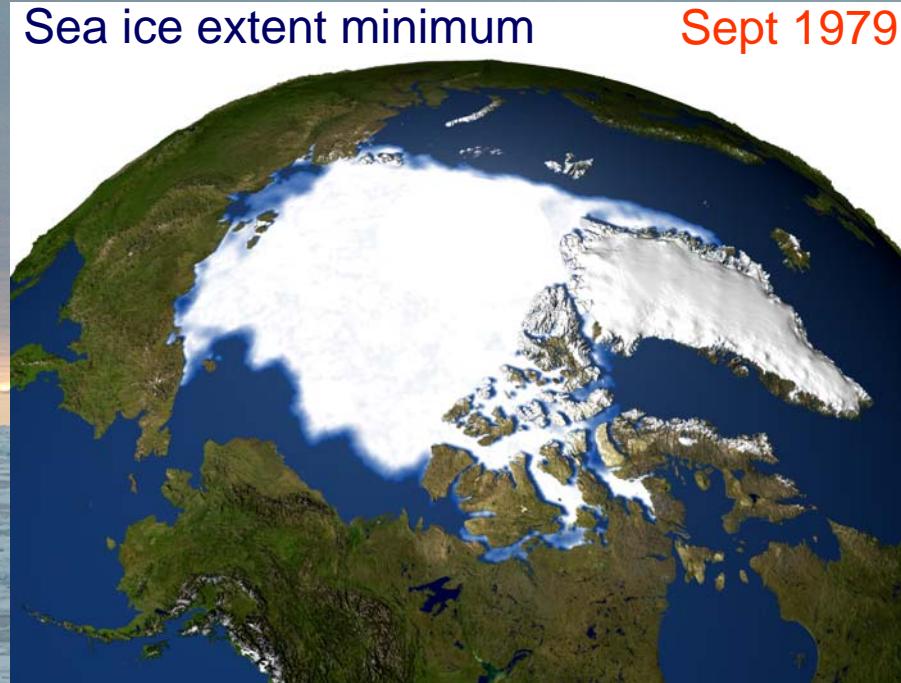
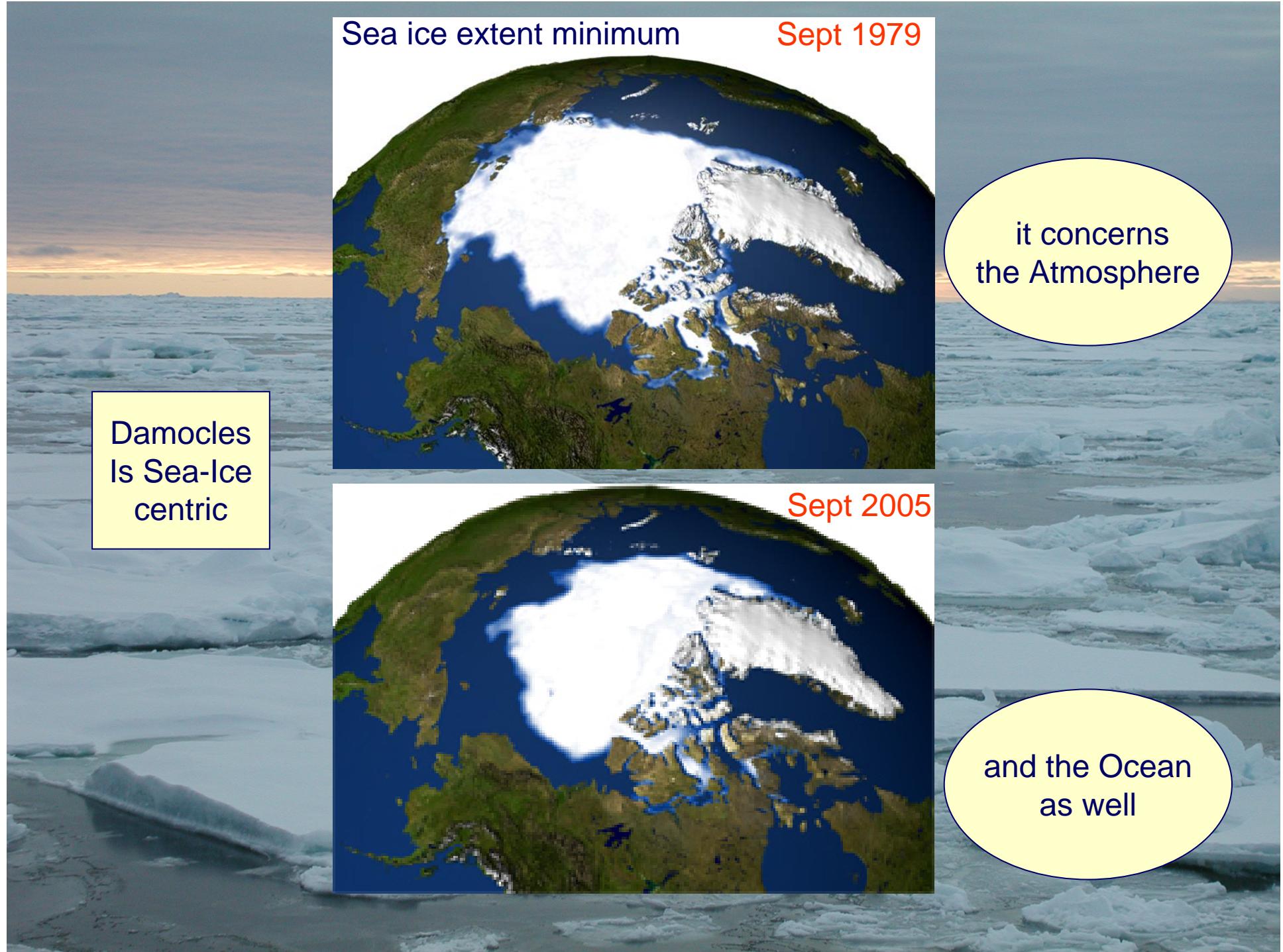
DAMOCLES



**Developing
Arctic
Modelling and
Observing
Capabilities for
Long-term
Environmental
Studies**

What is DAMOCLES ?

- A four years (2005-2009) European Integrated Project in response to the 3rd call of the 6th FP of the EU, focusing on the Arctic and Climate Changes, including extreme climate events
- It concerns
 - 45 partners institutions in 10 European Countries
 - 30 Tasks distributed in 8 Workpackages
- Official starting date December 1st, 2005

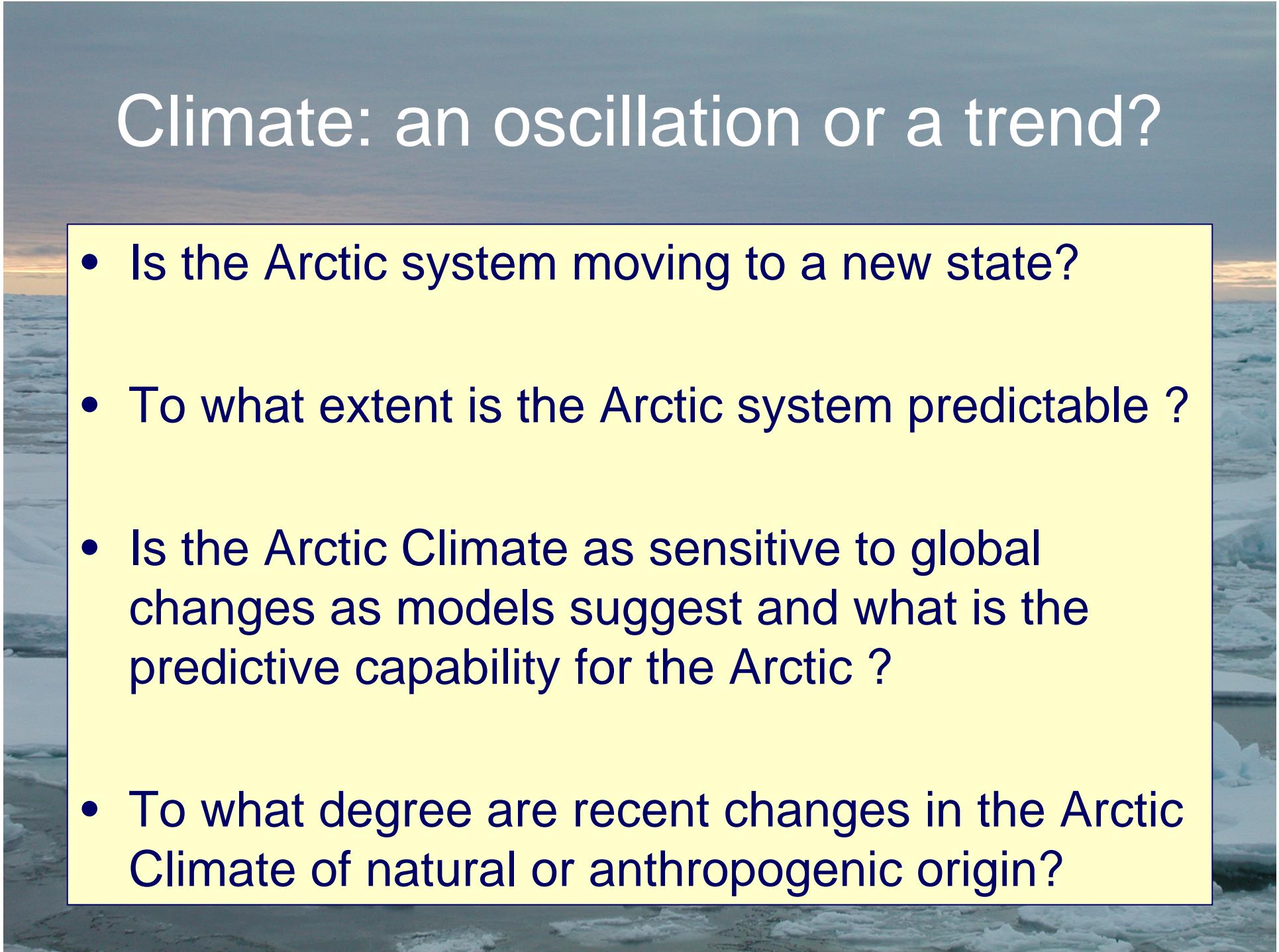


it concerns
the Atmosphere

and the Ocean
as well

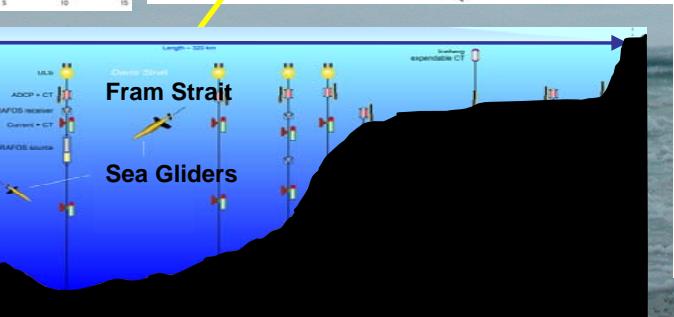
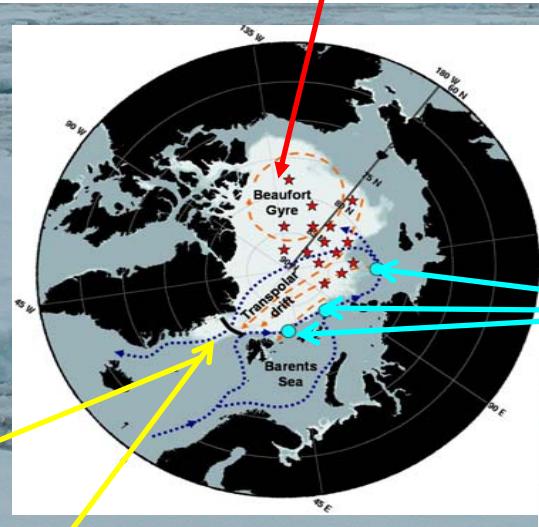
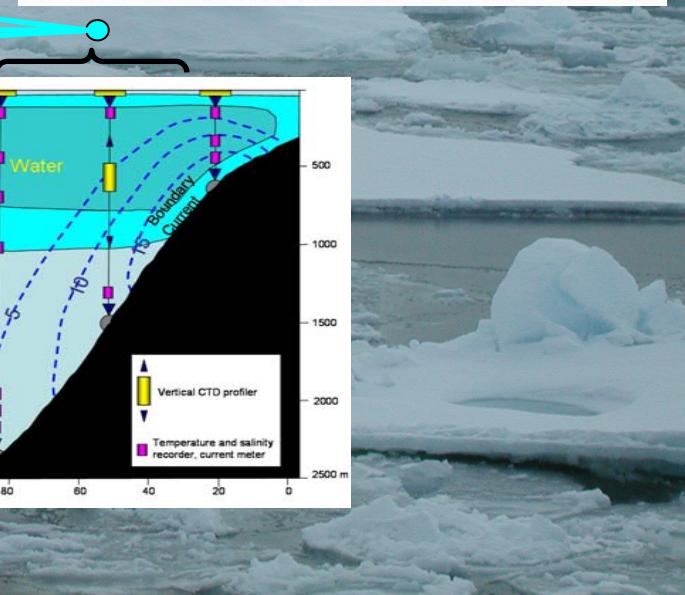
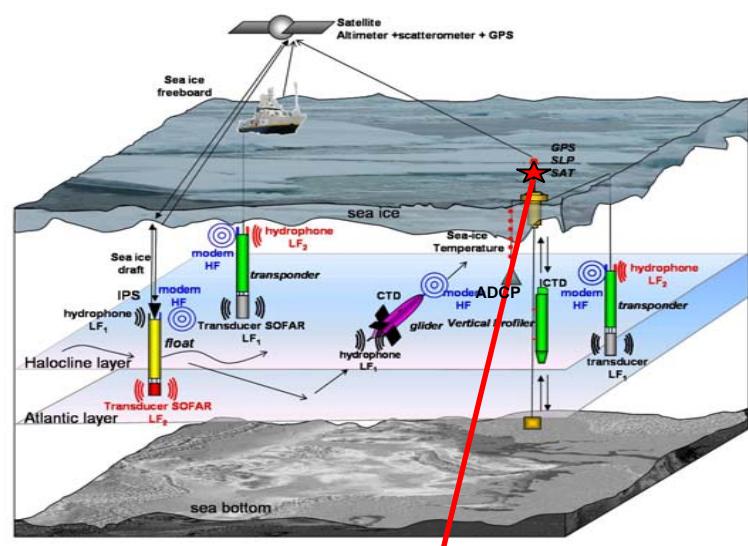
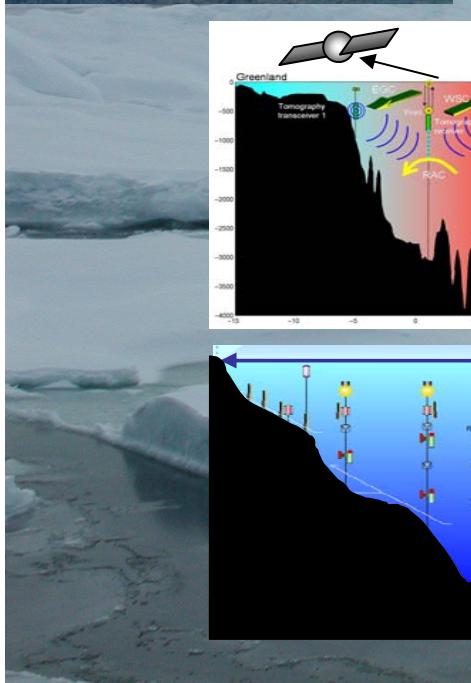


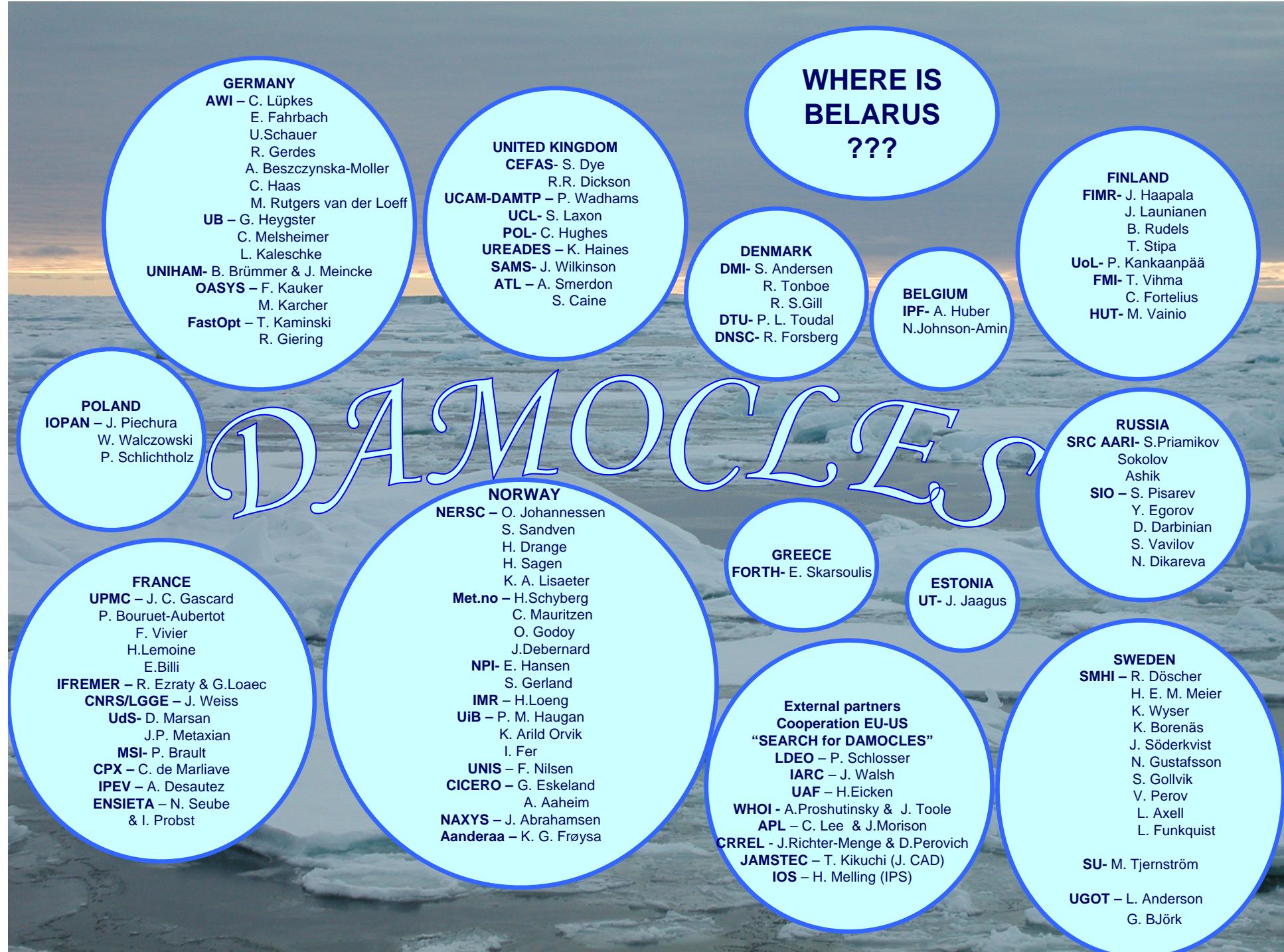
Durable or Sustainable ?



Climate: an oscillation or a trend?

- Is the Arctic system moving to a new state?
- To what extent is the Arctic system predictable ?
- Is the Arctic Climate as sensitive to global changes as models suggest and what is the predictive capability for the Arctic ?
- To what degree are recent changes in the Arctic Climate of natural or anthropogenic origin?





Arctic modeling **MUST** include snow as an important constituent of the Arctic environment

Snow covers most of Arctic area. Just snow

- *determines*
 - *the reflection of sunlight*
 - *temperature regime of underlying ice*
- *regulates melting*
- *Snow albedo strongly depends on pollution amount*
- *Soot contamination in many Arctic region increases*



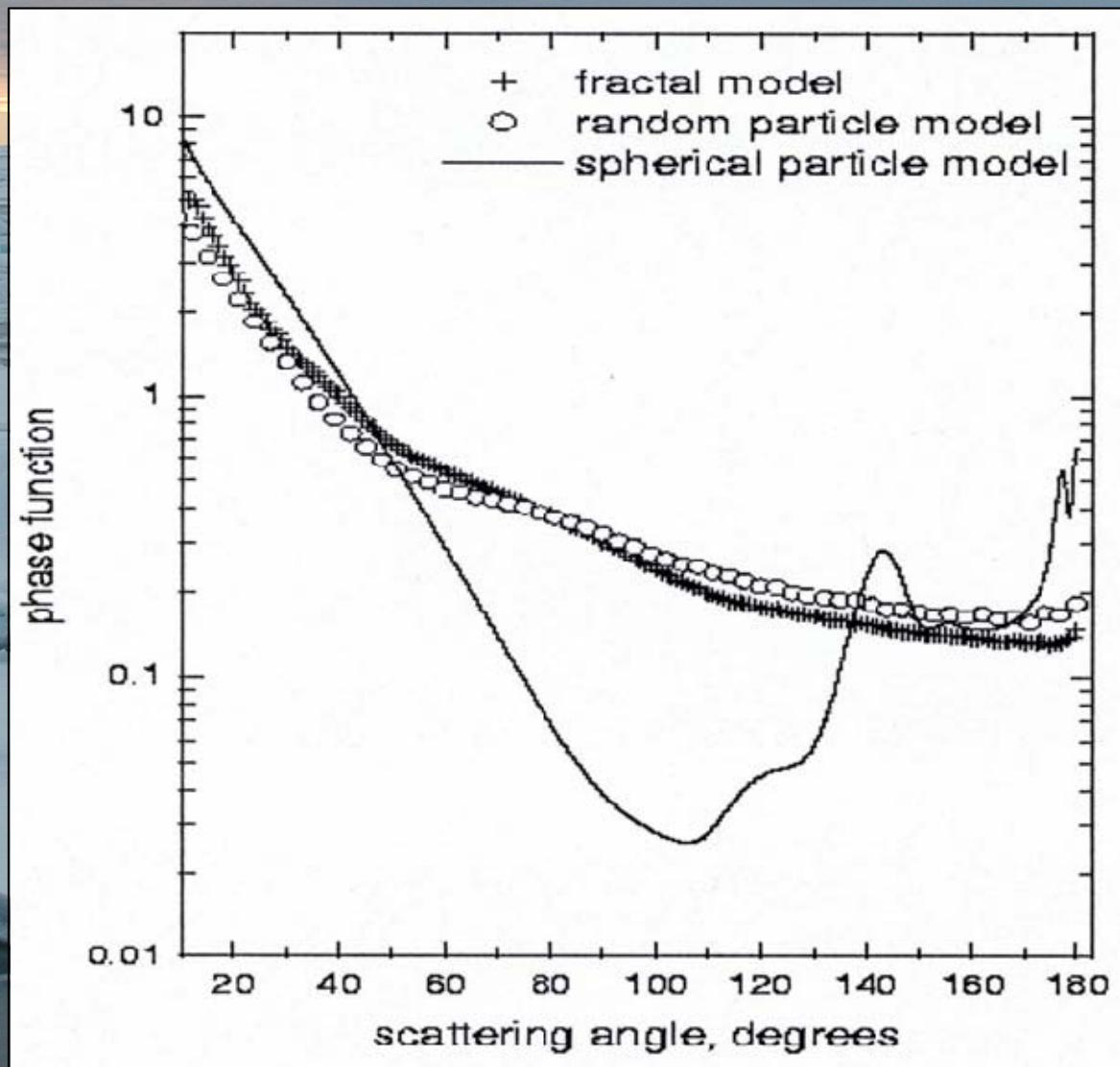
Climate change model should include snow

APPROACHES IN SNOW OPTICS

	Habitual approach	Ours
Model	Spherical independent particles	Irregularly shaped close packed particles
Extinction, absorption, phase function	Mie Computations	Analytical solution: geometrical optics + Fraunhofer diffraction
Reflection, transmission	Radiative transfer equation (RTE)	Analytical asymptotic solution of the RTE

A.A.Kokhanovsky, E.P. Zege "Snow Optics", Appl. Optics, 2004

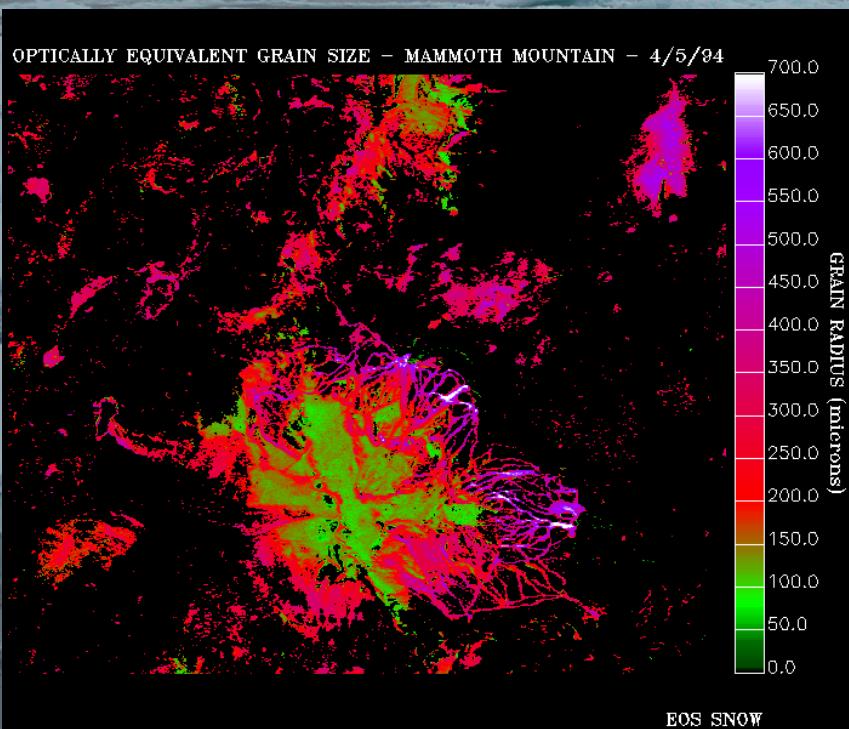
THE FRACTAL PARTICLE MODEL: PHASE FUNCTION



Properties of snow are important

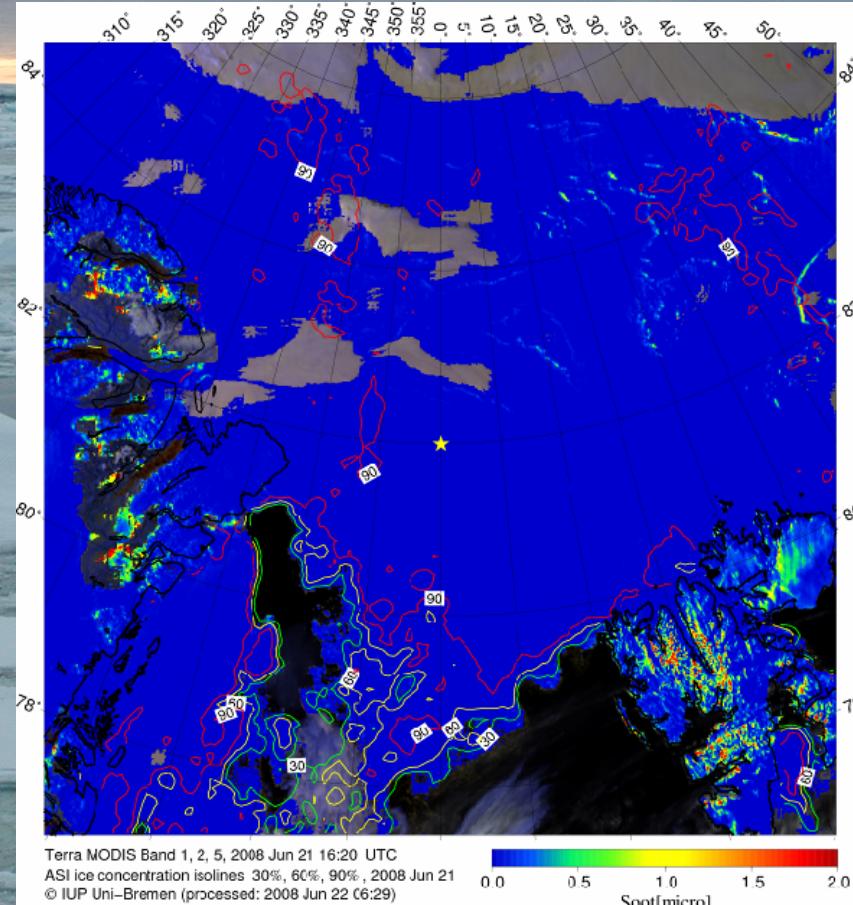
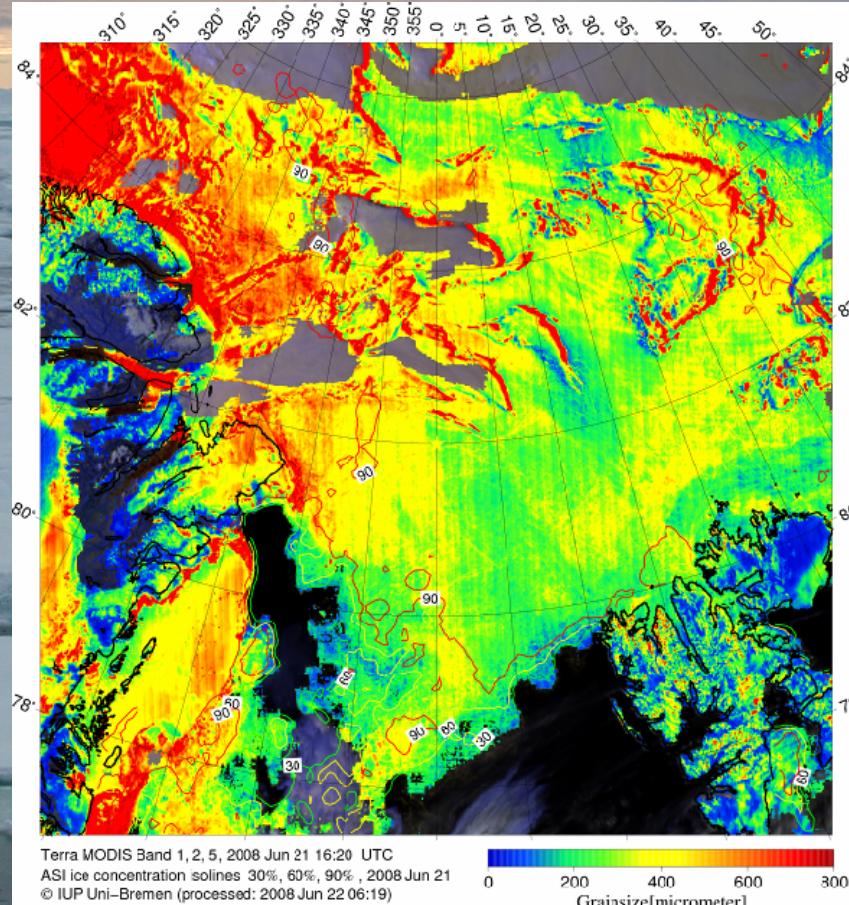
- *Microwave measurements of ice thickness are strongly affected by snow cover*
- *Knowledge of snow properties is needed to treat the microwave measurements:*
 - *Snow grain size*
 - *Soot concentration*

Main goal:
to develop
and verify
the algorithm for the retrieval



of snow grain size
and pollution amount

Processing chain for NRT MODIS data including SGSP algorithm



CONCLUSION

- There are a lot of great scientific projects in the **FPs** of the EU
- You can find your place!