

Theme 6 Environment

Content of Calls in 2009



Basic facts

Call identifier: FP7-ENV-2009-1

Date of publication: 3 September 2008

Deadline: 8 January 2009

Indicative budget: 193.5 M€

Funding Schemes:

a) Small or Medium-scale (CP) the requested EC contribution shall not exceed 3.5M€
(except for topic ENV.2009.4.2.3.2, where the requested EC contribution cannot be over 1.5M€).

b) Large-scale (CP) the requested Community contribution shall be from 4M€ up to 7M€

c) 'Coordination and Support Action' (CSA) the EC contribution shall not exceed $1M \in$ (except for topic ENV.2009.1.2.3.1 where the EC contribution shall be up to $4M \in$)

Objectives of the Environment Theme

- Promoting sustainable management of the human environment and its resources by advancing knowledge on the interactions between the biosphere, ecosystems and human activities
- Developing new technologies, tools and services, in order to address, in an integrated way, global environmental issues
- Rebalancing the 3 elements of environment research: 'Understanding', 'Assessing impact', 'Responding'.

Main Policy Drivers

- EU researchers contribution to the implementation of relevant international commitments, protocols, initiatives, emerging EU environmental legislation and policies.
- Political focus on Climate and environmental change, their consequences and link to energy
- An overreaching priority <u>Adaptation to</u> <u>Climate and Environmental Change</u>, such as sustainable cities and coastal zones.

Emphasis:

- Prediction of Changes Climate, Ecological, Earth and Ocean systems.
- Tools and Technologies for monitoring.
- Prevention and Mitigation of environmental pressures and risks.
- Sustainability of the natural and man-made environment.
- Policy related issues Problem-solving, Coordination, Socio-economic aspects.

International Cooperation

An important dimension of all research activities in the Environment Theme.

- There is a provision for the financing of the participation of ICPC.
- General opening of all topics to ICPC.

Activity 6.1 Climate Change, pollution and risks



Sub-Activity 6.1.1 Pressures on environment and climate

- Integrated actions for understanding, analyzing and predicting climate change and its impacts.
- Emphasis on abrupt changes and extreme events.
- Interactions between climate change, ecosystems and greenhouse gases budgets.
- Advanced climate and earth system modeling.
- Climate impacts and public perception.
- Links between climate and water security
- Adaptation to climate change and its impacts in Europe and Africa.
- Actions supporting the 'Bali Roadmap' and related post-2012 climate policy initiatives

Sub-Activity 6.1.2 Environment and Health

- Health effects of climate change
- Health effects of environmental stressors (such as ambient air pollution or electromagnetic fields)
- Environmental health risk analysis and policy development

Sub-Activity 6.1.3 Natural Hazards

- Climate / meteorological related hazards (wild fires, drought) in a changing climate.
- Urban floods as an emerging policy need to support the Flood Directive.
- Seismic vulnerability of buildings (in the context of European Construction Technology platform.
- Societal impacts and economic costs

Activity 6.2 Sustainable management of resources

Sub-Activity 6.2.1 Conservation and sustainable management of natural and man-made resources and biodiversity



- Building up innovative methods for protecting and managing resources in a changing environment.
- Promoting an ecosystem approach.
- Integrated management of natural resources.
- Climate change impacts on biodiversity
- Freshwater ecosystems and water quality
- Transferability of research results
- Innovative soil process models
- Integrative concepts for urban development
- Options for European forests and landscape management, desertification and land degradation

Sub-Activity 6.2.2 Management of Marine Environments

- Exploiting marine resources with the long-term objective of protecting the seas and oceans (including biodiversity and the capacity for providing expected goods and services)
- Boosting international research in strategic areas such as the Mediterranean/ Black Sea coastal areas, coral reefs, biodiversity and ecosystems structures and dynamics
- Promoting ecosystem approach
- Proposals shall consider developing options to respond to climate change



Activity 6.3 Environmental technologies

Sub-Activity 6.3.1 Environmental technologies for observation, simulation, prevention, mitigation, adaptation, remediation and restoration of the natural and man-made environment

- Adaptation to environmental changes
- Preventing and protecting from extreme events and risks
- Extreme hydro-meteorological events
- Other risks (Coastal erosion, Coastal floods, Chemical/ pollution risks)
- Waste/ recycling technologies
- Labeling the sustainability performance of buildings
- Industry participation

Sub-Activity 6.3.2 Protection, conservation and enhancement of cultural heritage, including human habitat

Technologies for preventing and protecting cultural heritage assets from extreme events and risks resulting from natural hazards, especially:

- Earthquakes
- Storms
- Fires

Sub-Activity 6.3.3 Technology assessment, verification and testing

 Dealing with new computational methods for assessing chemical hazards

 Promoting research for methodological developments for improving Life Cycle Impact Assessment (LCIA) methods

International Cooperation Partner Countries - (ICPC)

- ACP Countries (African, Carribean, Pacific)
- EECA (Eastern Europe and Central Asia)
- MPC (Mediterranean Partner Countries)
- WBC (Western Balkan Countries)
- Latin America
- Asia

Third Countries

• USA, Canada, Japan, Australia, NZ

Why Third Countries in the FP7?

- To support strategic partnerships
- To facilitate access to research environments outside Europe
- To address **specific problems third countries face** or that have a global character

ICPC are compulsory Partners

ENV.2009.1.1.5.1 Climate change predictions in Sub-Saharan Africa (east to west), quantification of impacts and assessment of adequate adaptation measures)	Africa	CP-FP- SICA
ENV.2009.1.1.5.2 Climate induced changes in water resources in southern Europe and neighbouring countries as a threat to security	North Africa and Mediterranean partner countries, Middle East	CP-FP- SICA

ENV.2009.1.2.1.2 Methods to quantify the impacts of climate and weather on health in developing low income countries	Low income developing countries	CP- FP- SICA
ENV.2009.1.3.3.1 Risk, prevention and management of urban floods	Asia, e.g. China/ India/ Bangladesh	CP- FP- SICA
ENV.2009.2.1.3.2 Desertification process and land degradation	(not specified)	CP- FP- SICA

ENV.2009.2.1.5.1 Sustainable development of coastal cities	India, South- East Asia	CP-IP- SICA
ENV.2009.2.2.1.4 Integrated Coastal Zone Management	Mediterranean, Black SeaBasin	CP-IP- SICA
ENV.2009.2.2.1.5 Management and protection of coral reefs in the Wider Caribbean	Caribbean region	CP-IP- SICA
ENV.2009.4.1.3.2 Earth observation in support of a sustainable exploitation of mineral resources	(not specified)	CP-FP- SICA

CSA with participation of ICPCs as eligibility criteria

ENV.2009.3.1.3.1 Supporting sustainable nationwide and local wastes processing industry in ACP countries: legal framework, economical incentives, business/ organisational know-how	Min. 2 ACP countries	CSA- CA
ENV.2009.4.1.4.1 Action in the domain of EO to support capacity building in GEO	Min. 2 Developing countries	CSA- SA
ENV.2009.5.1.0.1 Research excellence and major infrastructure in China and potential for S&T cooperation with EU partners in the area of environment	Min. 2 China + min. 1 European	CSA- SA

ICPC are additional Partners (most welcome)

ENV.2009.1.1.1.1 Climate dynamics and abrupt changes – analysis of the palaeo-record	open to all Third Countries	CP-IP
ENV.2009.1.3.1.1 Wild fires in the context of climate and social changes	Mediterranean, North Africa	CP-IP
ENV.2009.1.3.2.2 Vulnerability assessment of buildings, lifelines systems and networks related to earthquakes	Open to all 3rd Countries	CP-FP



ENV.2009.3.1.1.1 Adaptation of water supply and sanitation systems to cope with climate change	open to all Third Countries	CP-IP
ENV.2009.3.1.6.1 Innovative coastal defense technologies	open to all Third Countries	CP-IP
ENV.2009.3.2.1.1 Technologies for protecting cultural heritage assets from risks and damages resulting from earthquakes	ICPC, in particular Mediterranean partner Countries	CP- FP
ENV.2009.3.2.1.2 Technologies for protecting cultural heritage assets from risks and damages resulting from extreme events, especially in the cases of storms and fires	ICPC	CP- FP

ENV.2009.4.1.1.1 Contribution to observing systems for seismogenic hazards	open to all Third Countries	CP-IP
ENV.2009.4.1.3.1 Contributing to observing systems for environment and health monitoring and modelling	open to all Third Countries	CP-IP
ENV.2009.4.2.3.1 Assessment of economic instruments to enhance the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity	Latin America	CP-FP



Biorefineries Joint Call

- Calls for proposals: 3rd September 2008
- Deadline Stage 1 proposals:
 2^{nd} December 2008
- Deadline Stage 2 proposals: 5th May 2009

Evaluation results:
 Second half of July 2009

What is a Bio-refinery?

- Bio-refinery is the sustainable processing of biomass into a spectrum of value-added products and energy.
- Bio-refinery takes advantage of components and intermediaries and maximizes the value derived from refining operations.

Objectives of the Joint call

- Research, development and integration of innovative technologies to prove the viability related to the entire value chain of advanced biorefineries.
- Provide a robust scientific basis for policy and decision making at different levels and scales (from production unit to policy development).
- Proposals should achieve a break-through beyond the "business as usual" scenario and include the sustainability assessment of any proposed solution on the basis of a life cycle approach.

Implementation (2 Topics)

ENV.2009.3.3.2.2 Sustainable biorefineries

A 2 step evaluation procedure (CP) – Emphasis on <u>Industry</u> participation

ENV. 2009.3.3.2.3 Enhancing exchange of information, synergies and cross-fertilization between projects in the field of Biorefineries

Only 1 proposal will be funded - (CSA)

Activity 6.4 Earth observation and assessment tools for sustainable development

Sub-Activity 6.4.1 Earth and ocean observation systems and monitoring methods for the environment and sustainable development



- EU plays a leading role in GEO and its primary initiative GEOSS (Global Earth Observation System of Systems)
- Focus on the integration of European earth observation research relevant to GEO
- Enhancing earth observation capacity building in developing countries

Activity 6.5 Horizontal activities

 Promoting better communication strategies and innovative approaches for the dissemination and uptake of research results



Thank you for your attention!

Дзякуй

Спасибо

